

VICTORY PLEASES LOCAL DEMOCRATS

Is Unconquered at Triumph of Party After Years of Defeat.

GET OFFICIAL VOTE LATER

State Board Meets November 25. Federal Offices Now Discussed.

Where two or more Democrats were gathered together in Richmond yesterday, there was sure to be joy in their midst. Twenty years between victories is a long time, and the party men drank their fill of rejoicing yesterday over the triumph in the nation.

All through the years Virginia has been faithful to the party, and has given her electoral votes to its candidate. It was a matter of special satisfaction that such an overwhelming vote should have been recorded Tuesday for a son of this State. The Republican support was even smaller than usual, counting Taft's and Roosevelt's vote combined. Counties which went for Sloop in the Ninth District were carried by Wilson.

Talk Federal Jobs.

Of course, there was plenty of chaffing over holding Federal offices. And as many a true word is spoken in jest, there is perhaps something behind much that was said. There have been many lean and hungry years for the Democrats, who are now about to come into their own. So much the worse for Governor Wilson when he faces the demands of those who would serve their nation in public places.

It is felt that no matter how much the new President might desire not to disturb existing conditions in the government service, he will be compelled to do so by insistent demands. After all, reason the party men, the Republicans kept the Democrats out for a very long time.

Canvass Votes Later.

The official vote in Virginia, as to the presidential electors, the candidates for Congress and the amendments to the Constitution will be act known on November 25, according to law. The Board of State Canvassers will meet at the Capitol. This board is composed of the Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the State Treasurer and the Attorney General, any three of whom may be acting. The board will be sent in from each county and city by the commissioners of election, who will forward abstracts of the total cast for each candidate in each county and city. The Secretary of the Commonwealth will open them and record them in a book, filing the abstracts. On the fourth Monday in November the board will meet and canvass these returns, recording the total vote cast for each candidate, and certifying to the fact. Certificates of election will be sent out by the Secretary of the Commonwealth to the Democratic electors and the ten Congressmen-elect.

Local Boards to Meet.

In every county and city in Virginia the commissioners of election, who are five of the judges so chosen by the electoral board, will meet this morning at the offices of the clerks of the Circuit and Corporation Courts, to canvass the returns of the cities and counties by precincts. The clerk of the court is ex-official clerk to the commission of election.

If there are missing returns, they are sent for. In Richmond, Clerk Walter Christian, of the Hustings Court, is clerk to the commission, and that body actually elects Deputy Clerk William Breeden as assistant to get the returns if necessary, and to make up the compilation. The abstracts will be made up and forwarded to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The commission here will also certify the election of the five members of the Administrative Board, which, when recorded, makes them formally elected. The electors and Congressmen will not be officially elected until the fourth Monday in this month.

Many telegrams of congratulations went from this city Tuesday night and yesterday to the successful candidates. Following are telegrams sent yesterday by Governor Mann:

Richmond, November 6, 1912. His Excellency Thomas R. Marshall, Indianapolis, Ind.: Virginia congratulates Indiana's son and Virginia's grandson. The country is safe and will grow prosperous under the leadership of Wilson and Marshall.

(Signed) WM. HODGES MANN, Governor.

Richmond, November 6, 1912. His Excellency Woodrow Wilson, Trenton, N. J.: I rejoice in the triumph of the people under your splendid leadership, and predict a wise, clean, economic and fruitful administration. Virginia is proud of her son.

(Signed) WM. HODGES MANN, Governor.

IS PERILOUS TO NEGLECT A COUGH OR COLD

It sows the seed for grippe, pneumonia or consumption.

Don't trifle with Scott's Emulsion which effectively drives out colds and builds strength and resistance to colds and coughs.

Ask for and insist on SCOTT'S.

New Governor of North Carolina



HON. LOCKE CRAIG.

Elected to Highest Office in State After Years of Party Service.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Asheville, N. C., November 6.—Hon. Locke Craig, the newly-elected Governor of North Carolina, comes of one of North Carolina's oldest families. He is the son of Andrew and Rebecca G. Craig, and was born in Bertie County, August 16, 1856. He spent his boyhood on his parents' farm and was an honor graduate at the University of North Carolina with the class of 1878. He pursued his course of law at that institution, and located at Asheville in 1883. Mr. Craig is recognized as one of the State's most brilliant lawyers, and his efforts have met with great success in this city.

In 1891, Mr. Craig married Miss Annie Burdick of McDowell County, and they have three sons—Carlyle, who is a midshipman at Annapolis; George Winston, who is a student at the University of North Carolina; Arthur, who is pursuing a course at the Columbia preparatory school, at Washington City. Mr. Craig has taken an active part in politics. In 1892 he was the Democratic elector for the Ninth Congressional District, and in 1896 he was named as elector-at-large. During the campaign of that year he canvassed the State for William Jennings Bryan and met with much success on the platform. In 1898, while campaigning in the Eastern part of this State, he was nominated by the Democrats to represent this county in the Legislature, and was elected by a majority of 700, reversing a Republican majority

during the previous campaign of 1900. The Legislature of that year was one of the most brilliant in the history of the State, and the various counties of North Carolina were represented by their leading citizens. During the session of the General Assembly, the suffrage amendment, which was carried later by an overwhelming majority, was proposed, and Mr. Craig was one of the leading supporters of this measure. In 1900, Mr. Craig was re-elected by an increased majority, and in 1903 he was a candidate for the United States senatorship. The convention lasted several days, and Mr. Craig finally was defeated by Lee S. Overman, of Salisbury, N. C., who is now the junior Senator from this State. In 1908, Mr. Craig opposed William Walton Kitchin and Ashley Horne for the Democratic nomination for Governor. This campaign will always be remembered by North Carolinians as one of the most strenuous and bitter in the history of the State, and Governor Kitchin was nominated after four days' balloting. For months before the convention, Mr. Craig and Mr. Kitchin canvassed the State, visiting practically every county in North Carolina, and the nomination of Mr. Kitchin came after the withdrawal of Mr. Horne, after seventy ballots.

This year Mr. Craig was unopposed for the nomination. Lieutenant-Governor William C. Newland, who had announced his candidacy about a year ago, withdrawing during the past summer in favor of Mr. Craig. In the general election yesterday Mr. Craig was opposed by Thomas Settle, of this city, representing the regular Republicans and Iredell Meares, of Wilmington, who was the candidate of the Progressive wing of the Republican party.

NEW YORK IS WON BY EVEN 200,000

Record Democratic Plurality Is Piled Up for Wilson-Taft Runs Second.

New York, November 6.—A Wilson plurality of practically an even 200,000 votes over Taft, a Taft lead of 60,000 over Roosevelt, and a similar alignment of parties in the gubernatorial vote is the result of yesterday's election in New York State so far as confirmed by nearly complete returns at 9 o'clock tonight.

The Democratic presidential plurality is the largest New York State has ever given that party, and it is the first time the voters outside of the metropolitan district have given a Democratic presidential candidate a plurality. The totals to-night are as follows:

For President—Wilson, 618,696; Taft, 47,224; Roosevelt, 28,508. Wilson's plurality, 290,922.

For Governor—William Sulzer (Dem.), 509,562; Job K. Hughes (Rep.), 44,692; Oscar Strauss (Pro.), 291,662. Sulzer's plurality, 260,122.

New York city's Wilson plurality over Roosevelt, who was second in the city, was 12,000.

On the general wave of Democratic success the party appears to have won the most substantial control it ever had of the State Legislature and the State delegation in the United States House of Representatives. Of the forty-three New York Congressmen, thirty-one Democrats and twelve Republicans appear to be elected.

Following is a list of the members of the new House of Representatives from New York State, elected by the voters of the State at large, and by the voters of the various counties and cities.

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FIGHT JUST BEGUN BY PROGRESSIVES

Chairman Dixon Already Laying Plans for Future Battles.

New York, November 6.—"We have ended the fight, but the fight has just begun," said Senator Dixon, chairman of the Progressive National Committee to-day. "We shall not waste any time over yesterday's election, but shall begin at once the work of getting the new party in shape to accomplish results in the future. We have won second place as a party in the nation. What that really means is not realized, but when we go to Washington and ask recognition in Federal patronage, and on all boards and committees which are apportioned between the two leading parties, our status will be made clear."

"Our plans for the immediate future will be decided at the meeting of the Progressive National Committee which I have called for December 19 at Chicago. We will then take up the question of our representation in Congress, and what is to be done to increase the number of our men there two years hence. With the election machinery in most States under our control jointly with the Democratic party we should then be able to accomplish much more than in this election."

Established 1866.
W. T. HOOD & COMPANY
Old Dominion Nurseries
Growers of
High-Grade Nursery Stock

Our list is complete in every detail. We have a specialty of growing specimen Shade and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses (hardy grown), Small Fruits, Grape Vines, etc.

Write for catalogue or phone us to send our representative. Offices: Gunter Park. Nurseries: Henrico county.

STATE GIVES ITS USUAL MAJORITY

North Carolina Goes for Wilson by From 60,000 to 75,000.

SIMMONS IS RE-ELECTED

All Ten Congressional Districts to Be Represented by Democrats.

Republican Party "Officially Dead"

Asheville, N. C., November 6.—Because of its failure to poll 50,000 votes in yesterday's gubernatorial election, the Republican party in North Carolina is "officially dead," according to statements made by local lawyers to-night. They state that a law on the statute books of the State bars from recognition in the administration of the election laws any political organization which did not poll 50,000 votes in the previous election. Hon. Thomas Settle, the gubernatorial nominee of the Taft party, received less than 25,000 votes, and it is doubtful if Iredell Meares, the Progressive, polled 50,000.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Raleigh, N. C., November 6.—That the usual Democratic majority of from 60,000 to 75,000 in North Carolina is assured; that Roosevelt has run two to one over Taft, and that Senator Simmons has been re-elected by a majority of 20,000, are the inferences from incomplete returns received from 18 out of the counties. Figures of the presidential and gubernatorial races are not available. All ten congressional districts are Democratic. Senator Overman, Democrat, was unopposed in the senatorial primary.

Accurate Wake County returns on the senatorial primary show a total vote of 4,184; Simmons receiving 1,891; Kitchin, 1,998; Clark, 97. The vote for Wilson was 4,210; Roosevelt, 1,200; Taft, 450. Official figures will not be known until to-morrow.

At Democratic headquarters there is apprehension that three counties Democratic two years ago, had gone Republican. These are Cabarrus, Caldwell and Forsyth, the latter having been only partially Democratic before. No report has come in from Forsyth and incomplete returns from Cabarrus and Caldwell indicate Republican victories. Chairman Webb says the Tenth was the closest congressional district, and that he is confident of Gudge's election by possibly 2,000 majority.

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Manager Walter Clark, Jr., of the campaign of Chief Justice, spent the day in Clark headquarters, but insisted that neither he nor his father would be interviewed, and that they had absolutely nothing to say.

In commenting on his victory, Senator Simmons said he is deeply grateful for the manifestation of confidence so overwhelmingly manifested in him by the people of North Carolina, and for the great numbers of congratulatory telegrams in every part of the State. He believes his majority will round up 25,000 when the full returns are in.

ROOSEVELT WINS IN PENNSYLVANIA

He Has 28,073 Plurality Over Wilson, With Taft Running Third.

Philadelphia, Pa., November 6.—Returns from more than five-sixths of all the election districts in Pennsylvania give Roosevelt a plurality over Wilson. The missing districts are expected slightly to increase his plurality. The vote counted was: Roosevelt, 24,204; Wilson, 22,231; Taft, 25,231.

Taft carried Philadelphia by 1925 over Roosevelt, but in the State outside of Philadelphia Wilson ran second and Taft was more than 100,000 behind the President-elect. The Socialist vote showed a large increase. Four Republican candidates for Congress met at-large seem to be elected.

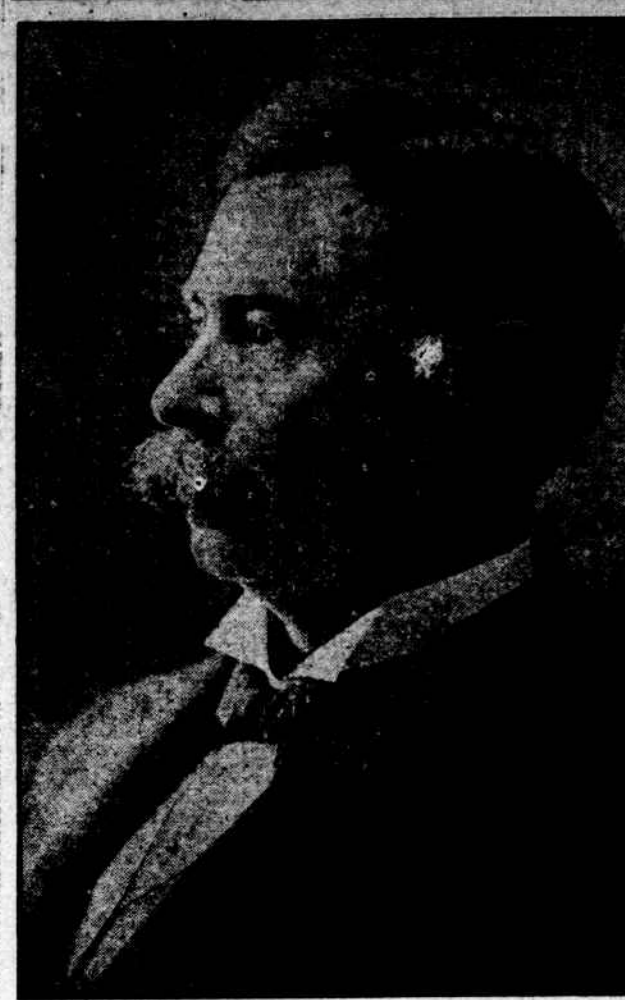
No Change in Wyo.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Wytville, Va., November 6.—There are no developments to-day to change the figures of last night as to the presidential vote in Wyoming. For President or member of Congress. The official count to-morrow will give exact figures. No vote was kept apart from the poll books as to the constitutional amendments, but it is generally surmised that there is a majority for all amendments.

Wilson Has 215 Plurality.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Luray, Va., November 6.—Corrected, though unofficial returns from yesterday's election in this county, show that Wilson has plurality of 215, while Taft's majority over Roosevelt was 191. Hay, Democratic candidate for Congress, has carried the county by about 500 over Earman, Republican. Wilson carried six precincts over Taft, and Roosevelt carried two over Taft. Debs, Socialist, received only ten votes in the county, while Chaffin, Prohibition, received thirty-one, and Garrison, Socialist candidate for Congress, received thirty-one. The county has likely voted for the amendments. Luray precincts giving more than 200 majority for the measure.

Re-Elected in North Carolina



SENATOR F. M. SIMMONS. Who won out over his two opponents, Governor W. W. Kitchin and Chief Justice Walter Clark, by a majority which may reach 25,000.

CONSUL MAY BE PURE PATRIOT

Harry M. Smith Has No Political Ambition, but—McCombs Is a Tempter.

Harry M. Smith, one of the 90,000 original Wilson men since yesterday, has not yet decided whether he will accept the consulship to Liverpool, Havre or Glasgow. He is quite sure, however, that he has no use for the position or salary of United States district attorney, for the post carries but a pitiful \$4,000 a year emolument. This is the story Mr. Smith tells. He got to know very well William F. McCombs, Governor Wilson's political manager, at the Baltimore convention, where the fighting was brisk to land the Wilson nomination. One day McCombs said: "Harry, what do you want?" leaving the impression by the remark that Mr. Smith was not visiting the Maryland metropolis for the benefit of his health, which is immodestly robust.

Repelling the insinuation, Mr. Smith entered these patriotic words: "Nothing! The United States district attorneyship would appeal to me, but I cannot afford to take it. It's only a \$4,000 a year job. No! My interest is purely patriotic. I want nothing that Mr. Wilson can give me."

After a discreet interval, Mr. McCombs let fall the following morsels of thoughtful knowledge, culled from the annual reports of the consular division of the State Department:

"The consul to Liverpool draws \$40,000 a year."

"The consul to Havre draws \$30,000 a year."

"The consul to the smaller city of Glasgow draws \$18,000 a year."

And added this pearl of wisdom: "A good Democrat is no less a pure patriot for being upon the public payroll."

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VOTE IN HENRICO COUNTY IS SLIGHT

Election Commission Will Canvass Official Returns This Morning.

Returns from all except four of the election precincts in Henrico County show that an unusually light vote was polled on Tuesday. The Barton Heights precinct, however, registered a total of 290 votes, which is the largest vote ever cast there with the exception of the town primary one year ago. Chestnut Hill precinct, which includes Highland Park, polled a light vote in contrast to its near neighbor.

The county voted heavily in favor of all three of the constitutional amendments. Ex-Governor Montague lead the ticket in almost every precinct. The returns will be canvassed this morning by an electoral commission appointed for the task. Sealed accounts of the voting have been sent to Clerk Samuel P. Waddill, of Henrico Circuit Court, from which the official figures will be compiled.

The vote by precincts:

Whitlock's—Wilson, 23; Taft, 1; Roosevelt, 1; for city amendments, 6; against, 2; for commissioner amendment, 7; against, 1; for treasurer amendment, 7; against, 1.

Town Hall—Wilson, 31; Taft, 4; Roosevelt, 3; Debs, 1; Montague, 4; for city amendment, 27; against, 10; for commissioner amendment, 24; against, 14; for treasurer amendment, 25; against, 14.

Carter's—Wilson, 56; Taft, 7; Roosevelt, 6; Montague, 27.

Highland Springs—Wilson, 27; Taft, 10; Roosevelt, 6; Montague, 23.

Hardin's Shop—Wilson, 25; Taft, 2; Roosevelt, 3; Montague, 18; Haight, 7; Muller, 3; for city amendment, 24; against, 14; for commissioner amendment, 10; against, 17; for treasurer amendment, 9; against, 18.

Bowling Green—Wilson, 55; Taft, 5; Roosevelt, 7; Debs, 4; Montague, 63; Haight, 4. Majorities in favor of all constitutional amendments were cast.

Jones—Wilson, 41; Taft, 2; Roosevelt, 3; Chaffin, 1; Montague, 44; Haight, 1.

Chestnut Hill—Wilson, 44; Taft, 16; Roosevelt, 11; Chaffin, 1; Montague, 162; Haight, 11; Muller, 1; for city amendment, 135; against, 35; for commissioner amendment, 102; against, 63; for treasurer amendment, 102; against, 61.

Barton Heights—Wilson, 280; Taft, 6; Roosevelt, 20; Chaffin, 3; Montague, 279; for city amendment, 211; against, 22; for commissioner amendment, 156; against, 110; for treasurer amendment, 160; against, 105.

Hungary—Wilson, 45; Taft, 15; Roosevelt, 4; Debs, 2; Montague, 29; Haight, 4. A substantial majority favoring the constitutional amendments was cast.

Cary's—Wilson, 22; Taft, 6; Roosevelt, 2; Debs, 1; Montague, 21.

Ridge Church—Wilson, 42; Taft, 7; Roosevelt, 14; Montague, 52; Haight, 2; Muller, 4; for city amendment, 27; against, 5; for commissioner amendment, 29; against, 13.

Westhampton—Wilson, 46; Taft, 1; Roosevelt, 1.

Breaks Twenty-Year Record.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Palaski, Va., November 6.—For the first time in twenty years, since 1892, the Democratic presidential nominee in the vote cast yesterday. Returns from every precinct in the county show the following results: Wilson, 781; Taft, 197; Roosevelt, 485. For Congress: Ayers, 568; Sloop, 571; Graham, 127. The vote will be canvassed on to-morrow, but there will be little if any change.

THOUSANDS WILL LOSE THEIR JOBS

Victory of Wilson Means Great Overturning of Government Employees.

30,000 IN WASHINGTON

Old Rule to "Victors Belong the Spoils" Will be Put in Force.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, November 6.—Thirty thousand persons—men and women—have their names on the government's pay roll in Washington. Twenty thousand of these, it is estimated, thronged newspaper offices, watched election returns from points of vantage, or got close to private wires here last night as returns from the forty-eight sovereign States came in, many shaking in their boots at the thought that in the election of Woodrow Wilson their long tenure of office must end. These 20,000 persons minded not the chill November night nor the jostle and noise of the crowds they met. Men who do not come on the streets once in a year at night, and women of refinement who ordinarily would not be seen in such crowds, rubbed elbows with the street urchin and the newsboy, the vendor of campaign buttons and chewing gum, the auto chauffeur and the driver of the "owl" that moves here and there in the silent watches of the night. These persons were not gay with the moving crowd. The incoming returns meant more to them than those around could fathom. Would the election of Wilson and Marshall, with a consequent overturning of the government service, mean the loss of their jobs, some of which have been held for forty years? With straining eyes they scanned returns from Maine and Massachusetts, from South Carolina and South Dakota, from Vermont and Virginia—in fact from the four points of this big country of more than 90,000,000 souls. The result meant everything to them.

Although these 30,000 persons whose names are on the government pay rolls are, many, protected by the civil service, that is no absolute guarantee that their tenure of office will longer hold good. Even though the civil service is a cloak that is supposed to protect good employees—and which, in a way, does so, it is not invulnerable.

How will these 30,000 men and women be relieved of their places to make room for Democrats? That is with reference to some of these 30,000 as may be of the Republican faith? It is comparatively an easy matter. It is only necessary to lodge charges against an employee charging him or her with inefficiency or neglect of duty. There is no opportunity for reply, and the thing is done.

Aside from the civil service places which will come to the Democrats, the old theory, that the victors belong the spoils, there will, it is estimated, be not less than 10,000 places to be distributed at the hands of Woodrow Wilson. As an instance to this, there are something like 100,000 post-offices in the United States which must, from time to time, be filled. There are collectorships, consulships, special commissionerships of different kinds, and a thousand and one other kind of jobs which the new President must fill. It is true that there will be considerable red tape surrounding such appointments, much wire pulling here and there, and possibly a few examinations to test the appointee's eligibility but, after all, they will come direct from the hands of Woodrow Wilson.

It has been a long time since Grover Cleveland was in the White House, and many a man, looking back at the long, long ago, and even longer since the Democrats have had a taste of that delicious Federal pie. Waiting has whetted their appetites for keeps, and the man who does not get his fill within the next year will go hungry, either because he is not capable of filling a government job, or because he is too indifferent to go after it.

"Way down South in Dixie land," where the people have been fighting like tigers for the success of Wilson and Marshall, and to keep the Bull Moose from their doors, the approaching feast looks most appetizing. Only to the Congressmen and the Senators, who see loads of work piled up ahead and constant visits to the White House for their constituents, is the sight not the most alluring. True, they will pull the strings of good job here and there for the people at home, but it means much work for them. Eating at second table for nearly twenty years, has not been to the liking of the Democrats, but now they may eat to perfection. It's hard luck to the 30,000 army, but it's the spoils of war. Tell your Congressman what you want then go after it.

F. H. MCG.

Amendments Carried.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Chatham, Va., November 6.—Forty-six out of forty-eight precincts in Pittsylvania County give Wilson, 1,408; Taft, 507; Roosevelt, 221. Gaugers for Congress got 1,712; Hamner, 674; Shelton, 32. The amendments carried by large majorities.

Returns from Buchanan.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Raven, Va., November 6.—The following vote was cast in Buchanan County: Wilson, 536; Roosevelt, 619; Taft, 232. For Congress: Sloop, 681; Ayers, 549; Graham, 73. No returns yet as to the constitutional amendments.

When you purchase an antiseptic for your own use, make sure that it contains no poisons. The safest way is to do as thousands of other women do—simply specify Tyre's Antiseptic Powder.

Physicians everywhere advise Tyre's because it is not only harmless, but is positive in its results. Its use covers a wide range and it can be used either dry or dissolved in water. Unexcelled as a preventive of disease and unexcelled as a douche. A 25-cent package makes two gallons standard solution. Sold by all druggists. Send for booklet and free sample.

J. S. Tyre, Chemist, Washington, D. C. (Advertisement.)

When you purchase an antiseptic for your own use, make sure that it contains no poisons. The safest way is to do as thousands of other women do—simply specify Tyre's Antiseptic Powder.